**Instructions for urostomy patient**

**Urostomy**

A urostomy is performed due to illness, accident or other reason. A urostomy is permanent. Usually it is located on the right side of the abdomen. In surgery, the bladder is removed. A new urinary canal is made from part of the small or large intestine. The intestinal part is connected by the ureters coming from the kidneys. One end of the bowel part is brought out through the abdominal wall and stitched onto the skin. The stoma works involuntarily and urine is excreted all the time, because the kidneys excrete urine at all times of the day. The amount of urine is affected by the amount of fluid intake.

**Stoma care**

A healthy stoma is reddish and moist. The size and color of the stoma should be monitored. The stoma may be swollen at first, but this will decrease over a few weeks. When caring for a stoma, it is important to take care of the cleanliness and condition of the skin. The opening of the stoma adhesive must be the right size. This prevents possible skin problems and affects how well the adhesive adheres to the skin around your stoma. Handling a stoma can cause minor, harmless bleeding from the sensitive and numb mucous membrane.

**Changing the stoma appliance**

Reserve the necessary stoma supplies within reach.

Cut the adhesive to right size to adapt it to your stoma. Prepare the moldable appliance before adapting it to your stoma.

Remove carefully the adhesive on the skin with one hand, supporting the skin.

Removal can be aided by using a removal spray or wipe.

The used stoma dressing is disposed of with mixed waste.

The stoma and surrounding skin are cleaned with water.

If necessary, any adhesive/seal residues can be cleaned with a removal spray or wipe. The skin is thoroughly dried with a soft towel or paper

Rubbing and scratching the skin should be avoided.

A new appliance is carefully applied to the skin.

The adhesive adheres better if it is warmed between the hands before insertion.

The frequency of appliance change is individual, depending on the stoma appliance model. Follow the instructions given by your stoma nurse.

Your stoma nurse will tell you about the availability of stoma accessories.

**Diet**

Eat varied and regular normal food that suits you. Eat calmly and chew food thoroughly. These also balance bowel movements. The body's fluid balance must be taken care of. Fluids should be drunk at least 1.5-2 liters per day. This keeps the urine clear, prevents urinary tract infections and the formation of urinary stones. Consuming plenty of coffee and tea accelerates the excretion of fluid from the body, so they are not counted in the daily amount of fluid. Some foods and medicines can change the color and smell of urine, such as beetroot, antibiotics, and vitamin and trace element preparations?

**Hobbies, exercise, return to work**

A stoma is not an obstacle to hobbies or returning to work. Exercise is desirable for maintaining physical fitness. You can get individual post-operative instructions from your place of treatment. With the guidance of a stoma nurse, you will find suitable stoma appliance and any necessary support textiles.

**Sexuality**

Sexuality is part of human life. A stoma is not an obstacle to sex life. The disease, surgery performed for it and possible adjutant treatments can cause changes in the body and sexual function. If you have any problems, don't hesitate to talk to your doctor or stoma nurse.

Patient Association Finnilco ry is a national organization for stoma-, correspondingly operated and incontinence patients [www.finnilco.fi](http://www.finnilco.fi)

In matters related to social security, such as home help and payment matters, you can talk to a social worker at the hospital

**Tips and tricks:**

• A stoma does not prevent you from going to the sauna and swimming. In the steam, protect the stoma appliance with a towel so that the pouch does not burn mucous membrane of the stoma.

• When the skin around the stoma is very dry, you can use a light moisturizer that absorbs well.

• The stoma appliance should always be replaced if urine has got under the adhesive.

• Air baths soothe the skin around the stoma, as does spraying with warm water.

• If your skin is irritated or you have problems with the stoma appliances adhesiveness, contact a stoma nurse.

• A sealing paste or ring can be used to improve the stability of the stoma appliance if necessary.

• It is a good idea to remove hair around the stoma regularly.

• Always carry a spare appliances and cleaning supplies.

• Stoma appliances are stored at room temperature and protected from direct sunlight.

• It is good to remember the brand and size of the stoma appliance.

• It is a good idea to have stoma supplies at home for about three weeks.

• When travelling, also stock up on stoma appliance in hand luggage.

For travelling, ask your stoma nurse or Finnilco ry [www.finnilco.fi](http://www.finnilco.fi) about your stoma passport.

• The urine night collection bag is changed every week.

• Cranberry juice (1-2 glasses/day) may prevent the formation of intestinal mucus.

**contact information of the stoma nurse:**

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